

Recycling of Polymer Materials

Dipl.- Ing. Günther Höggerl, MEng

Project PolyRegion
19.02.15.

Topics

- General Introduction
- Polymer Overview
 - Global role of polymers
 - End of life (waste) situation
- Creating high grade recycled polymers
 - Crushing /Cleaning
 - (Separation and sorting)
 - Granulation (Modification)
- Processing of recycled polymers

Topics

- General Introduction
- Polymer Overview
 - Global role of polymers
 - End of life (waste) situation
- Creating high grade recycled polymers
 - Crushing /Cleaning
 - (Separation and sorting)
 - Granulation (Modification)
- Processing of recycled polymers

- since 2011 **Müller Guttenbrunn GmbH** (www.mgg-recycling.com)
Recycling Industry, Head of Research & Development
HEC
Engineering&Consulting
- 2005 – 2011 **MBA Polymers Austria** (www.mbapolymers.com)
Recycling Industry, Head of Quality management
- 2004 - 2005 **Harreither Intelligente Energiesysteme** (www.harreither.com)
Home energy systems, Head of Research & Development
- 1996 - 2003 **EKB GesmbH - Dräxlmaier Austria** (www.draexlmaier.com)
Automotive Supplying Industry, Head of Product Development
- 1988 - 1995 **Studies in Polymer Engineering and Science**



Topics

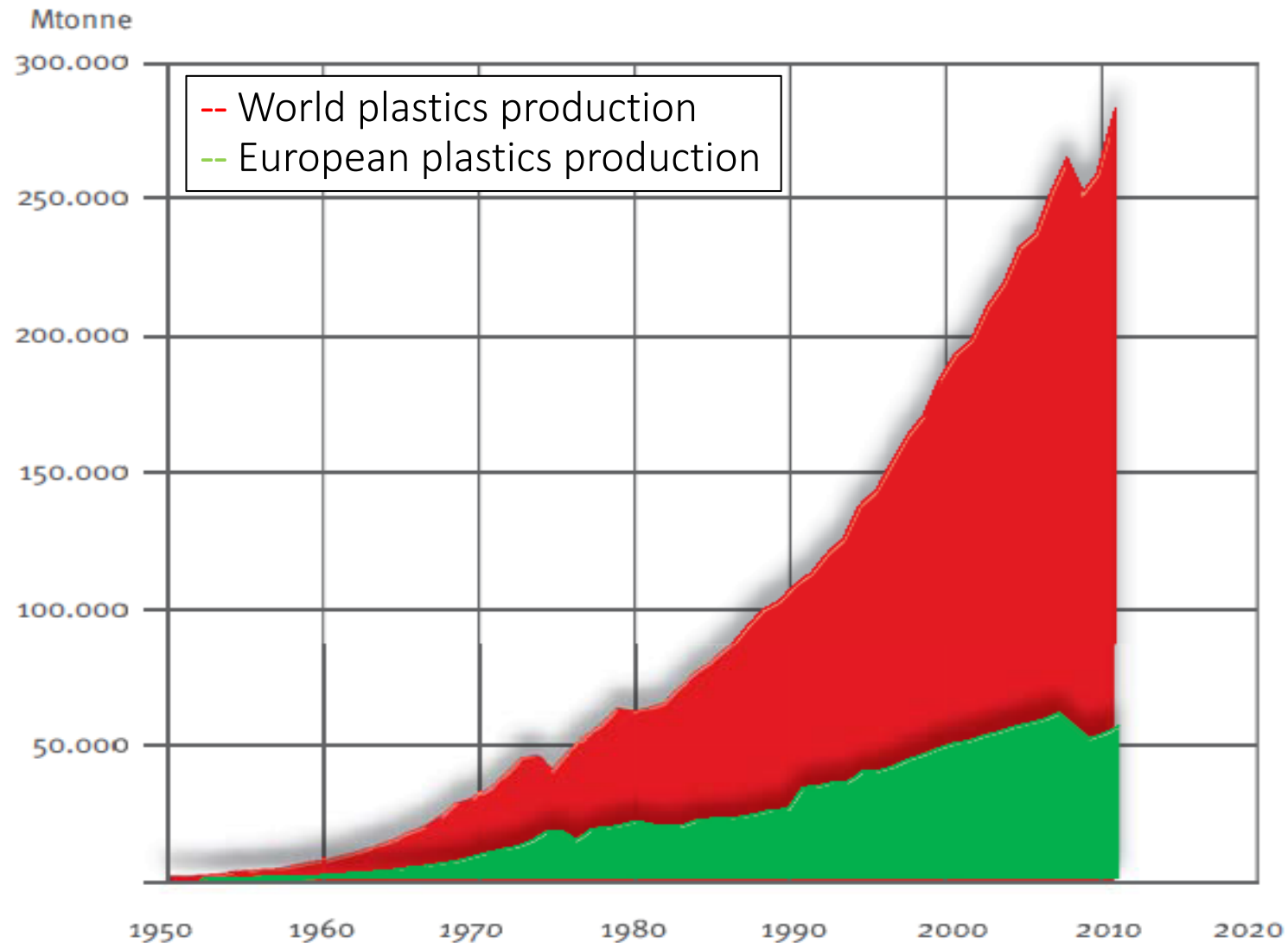
- General Introduction
- Polymer Overview
 - Global role of polymers
 - End of life (waste) situation
- Creating high grade recycled polymers
 - Crushing /Cleaning
 - (Separation and sorting)
 - Granulation (Modification)
- Processing of recycled polymers

Global demand of raw materials

	2000	2005	2010
	[Mio. to/a]	[Mio. to/a]	[Mio. to/a]
Iron& Steel	848	1.144 +34%	1.428 +24%
Polymers	180	235 +31%	265 +12%
Aluminum	53	65 +22%	85 +31%
Copper	13	16 +23%	19 +18%

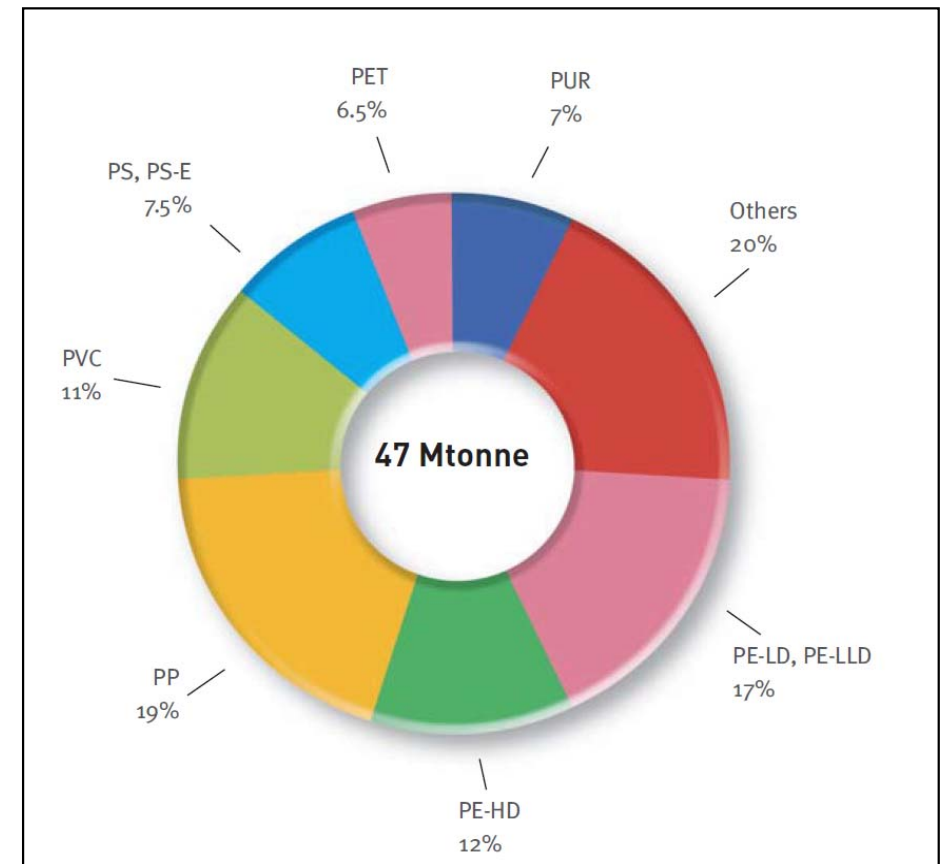
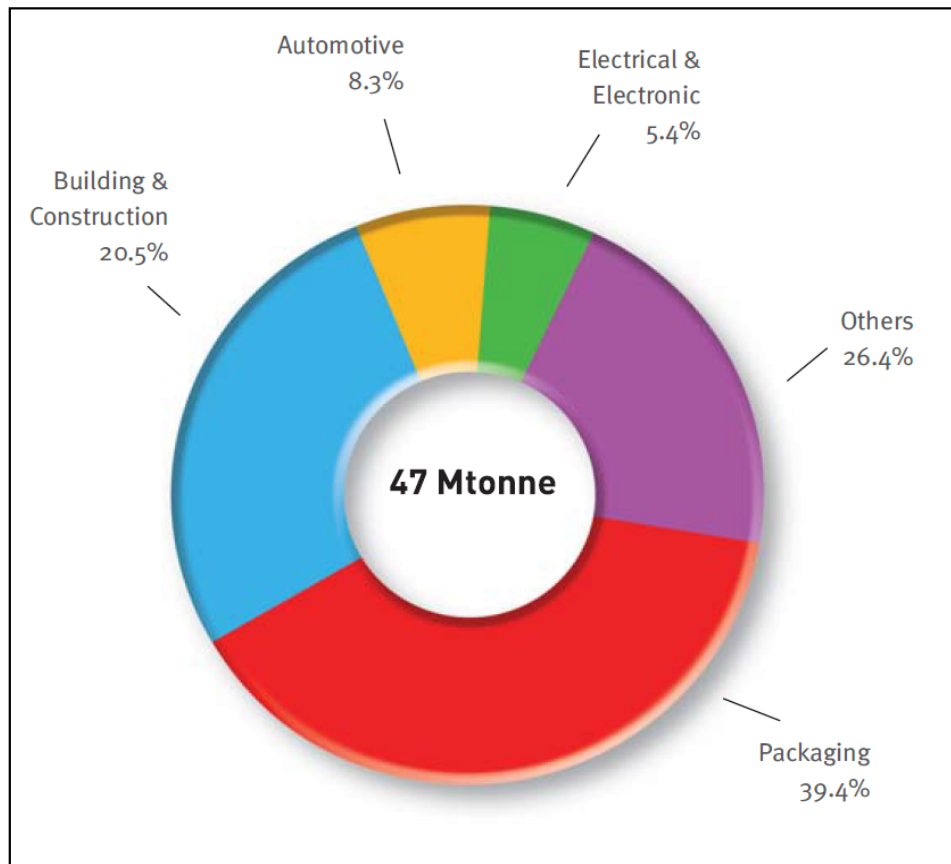
Source: Plastics Europe, Wordsteel.org, world-aluminium.org, www.copper.org

Increasing global need of polymers



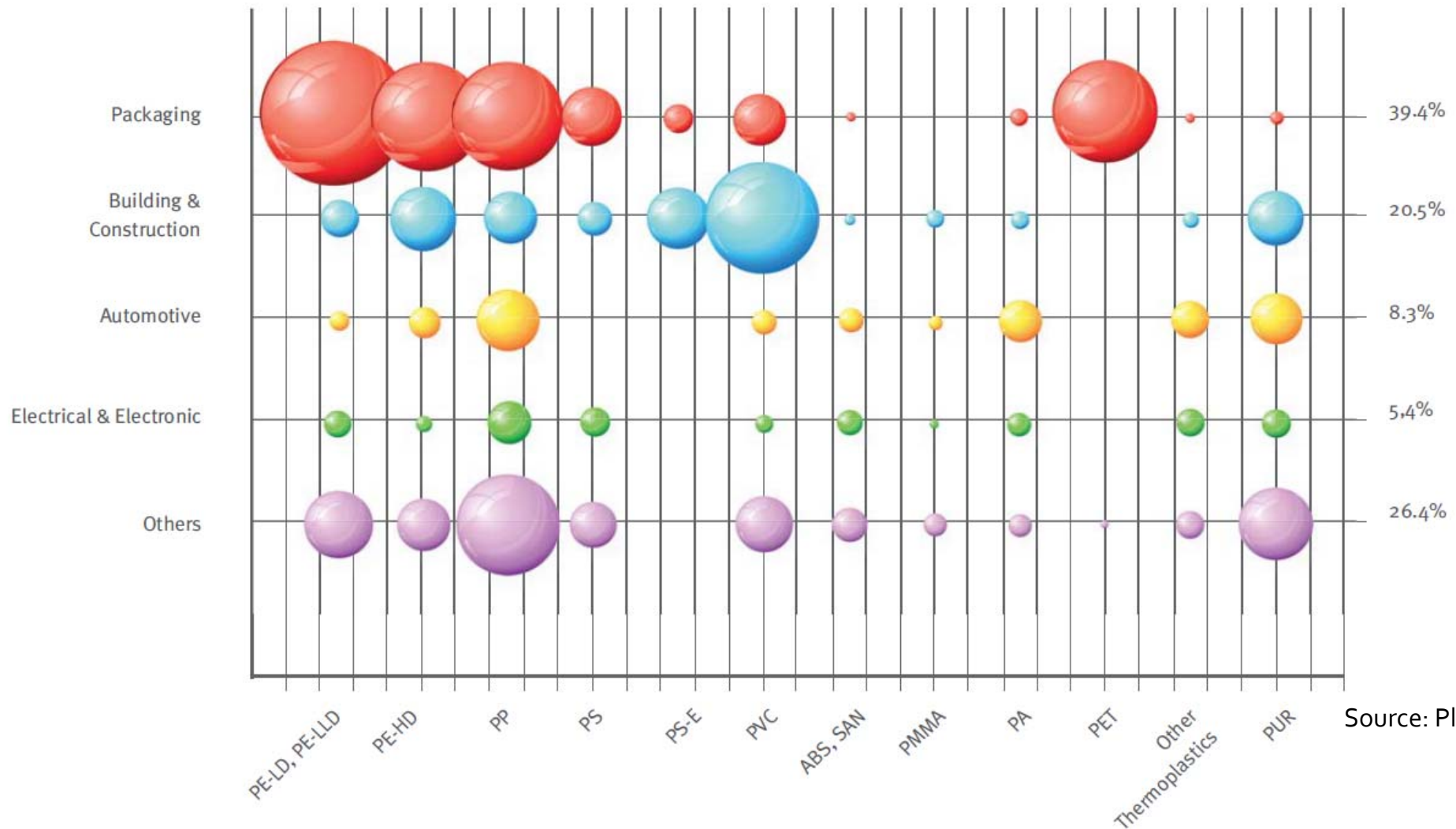
Source: Plastics Europe

European demand by segments/polymers



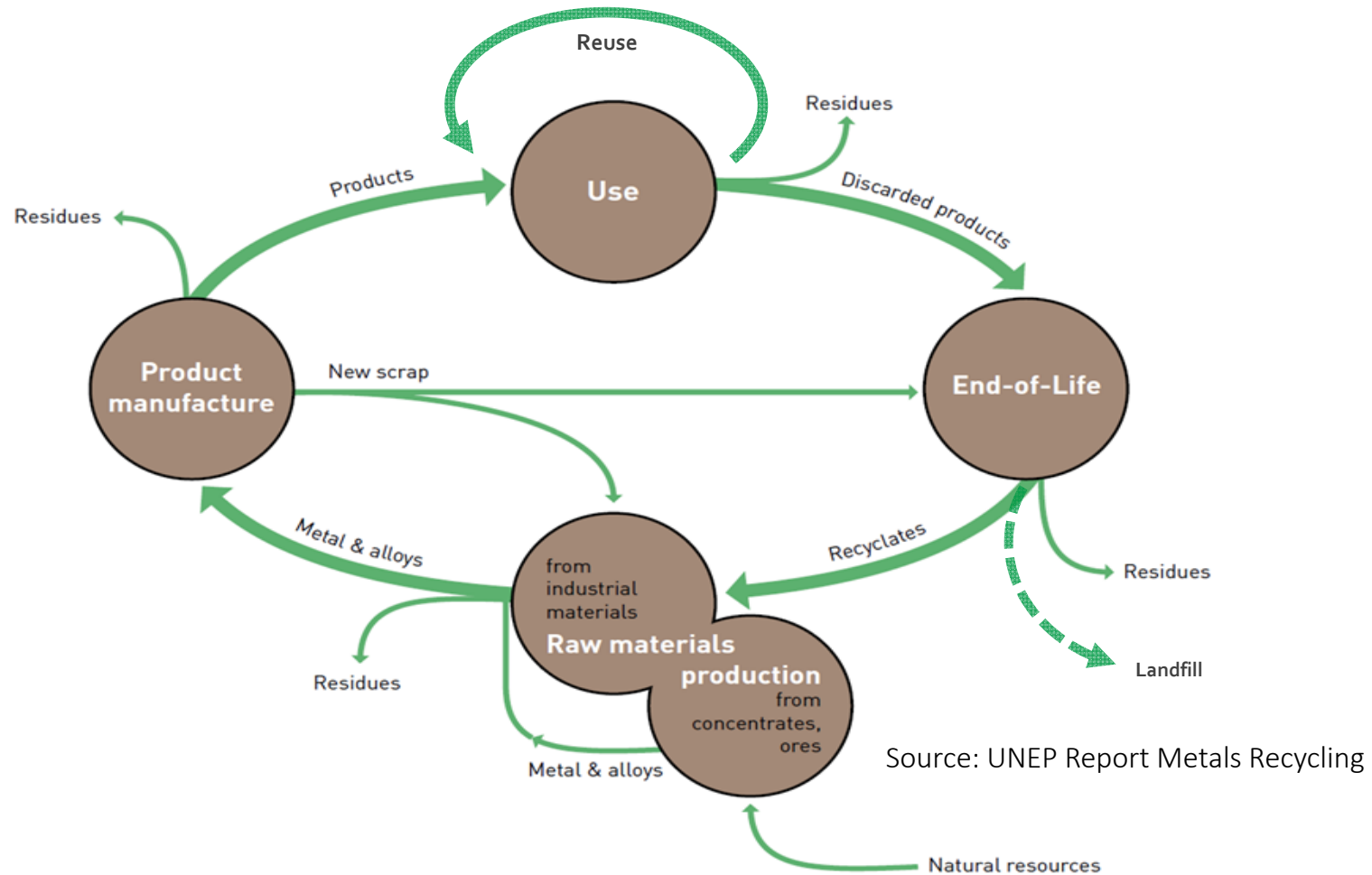
Source: Plastics Europe

European demand of polymers within segments



Unique features of polymer materials

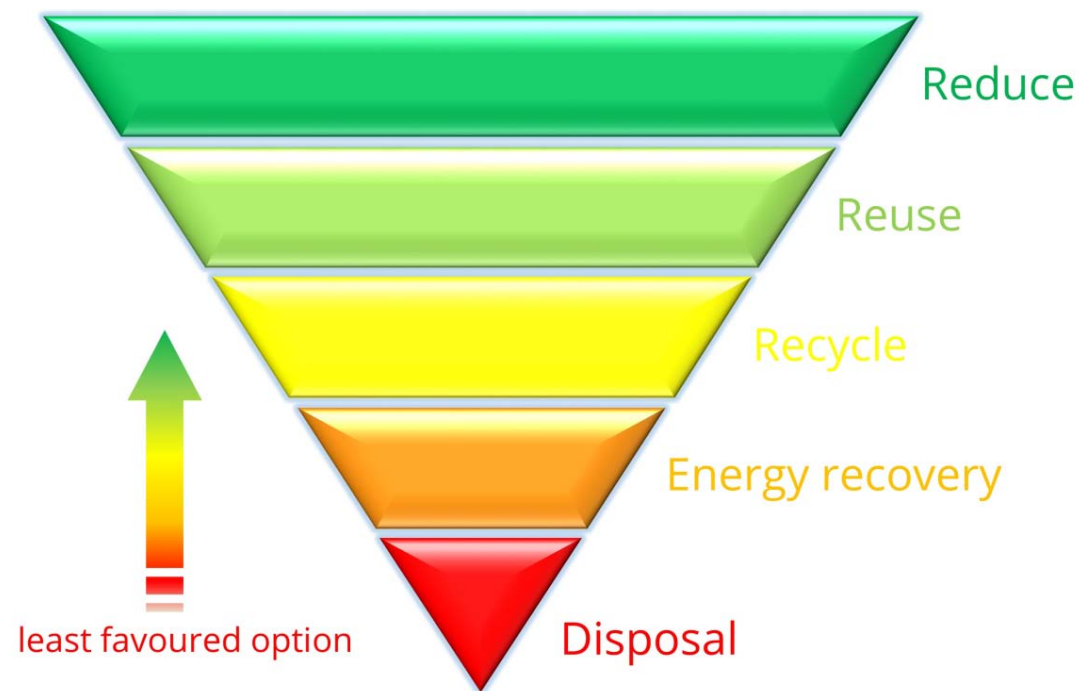
- Low density
- High spec. Strength/stiffness
- Low heat conduction
- Low electrical conductivity
- Chemical resistance
- Modifiability – „tailor made properties“
- Low processing costs
- High energy content



- Increasing cycle speed in developed countries
- Increasing interest in antropological reservoirs = Waste („urban mining“)
- Functioning cycle of materials essential for competitiveness

European waste management

- European Frame Work Directive (EU RL2008/98/EG) defines strategic playing field
- Important: „Five steps waste hierarchy“

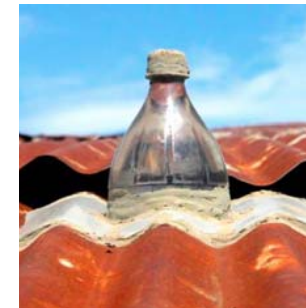
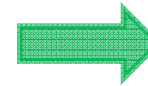
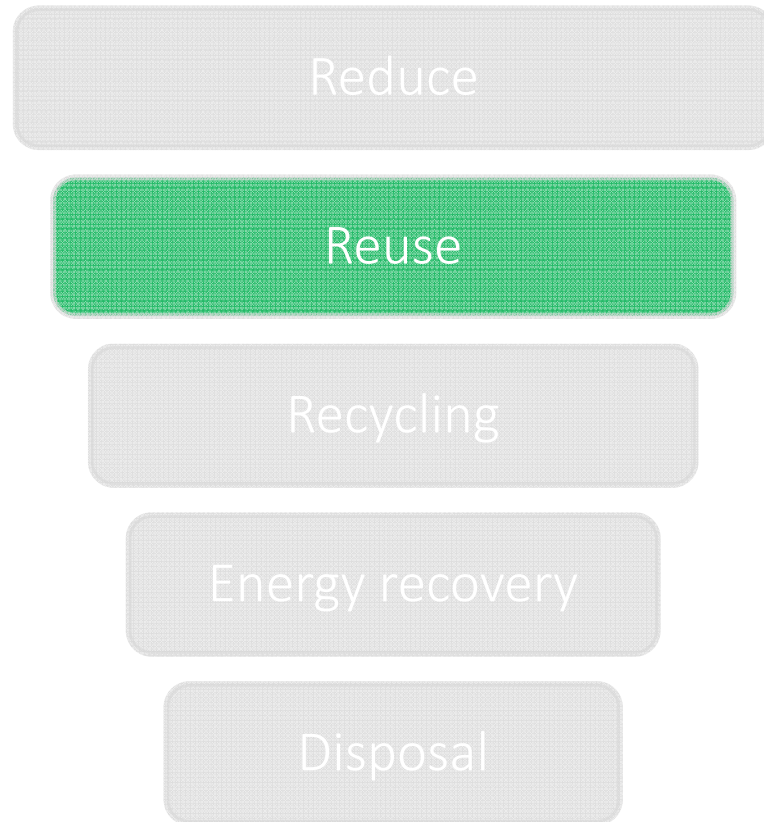


European waste management

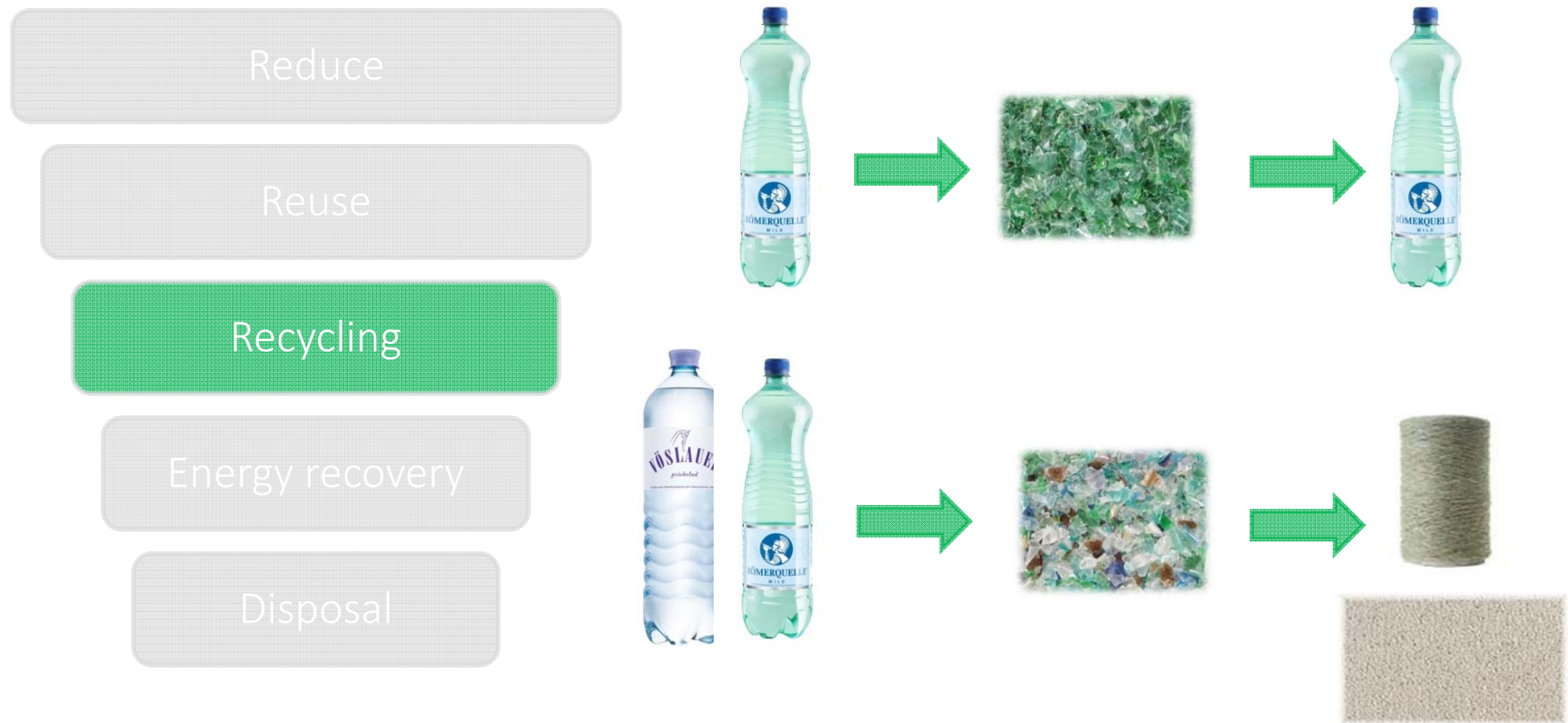
Example: PET Bottle



European waste management



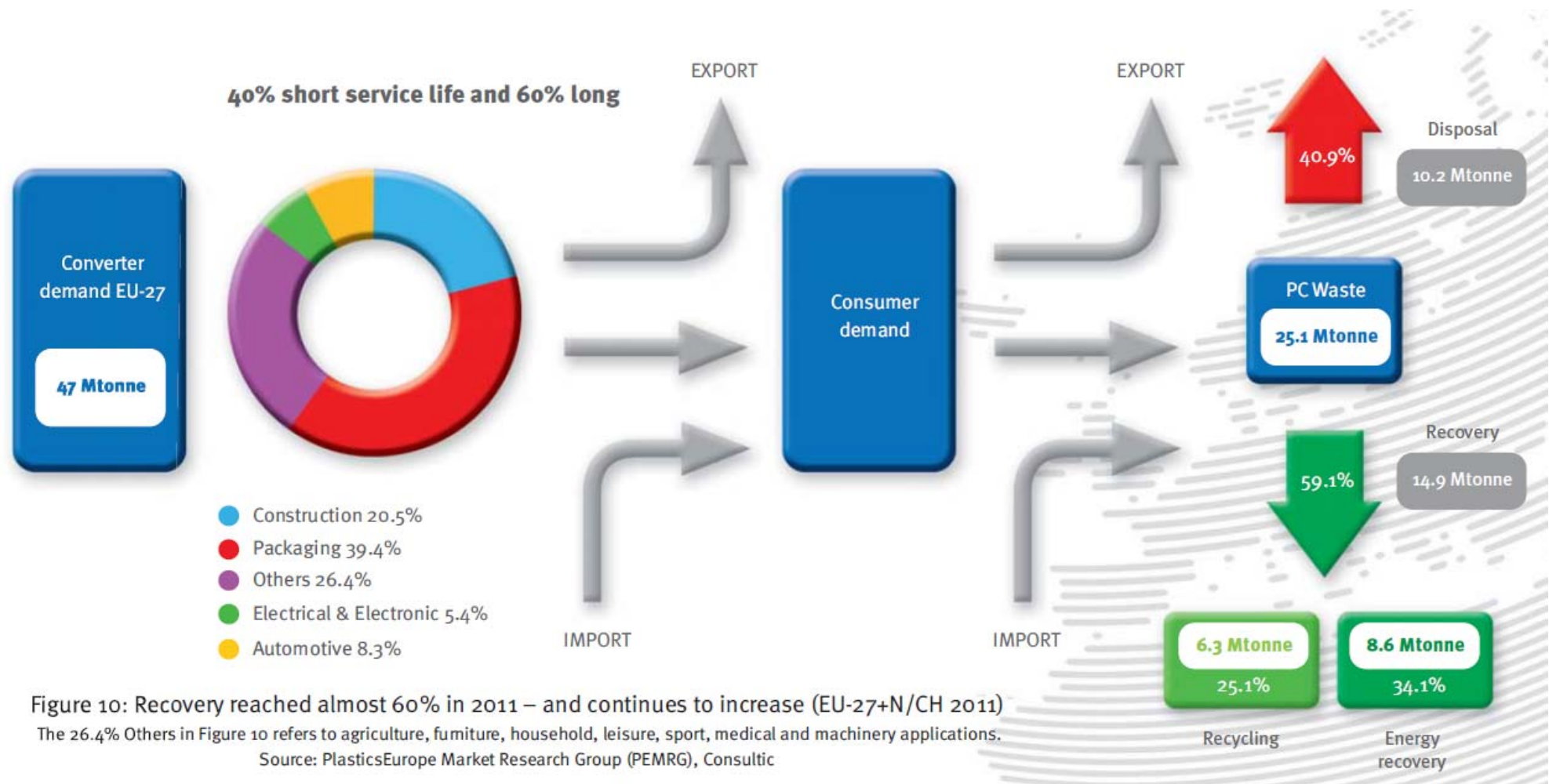
European waste management



European waste management

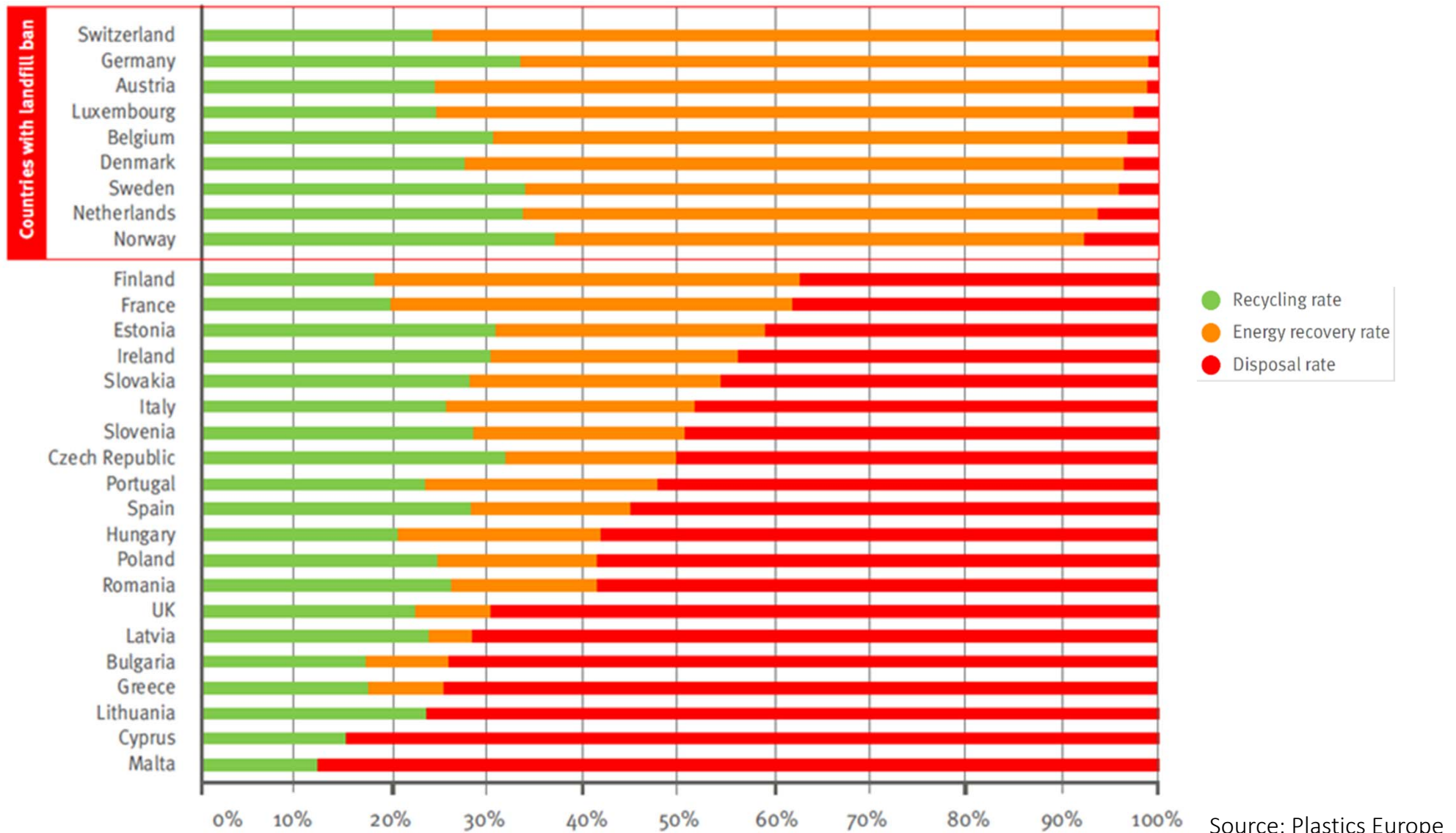


European polymer recovery overview



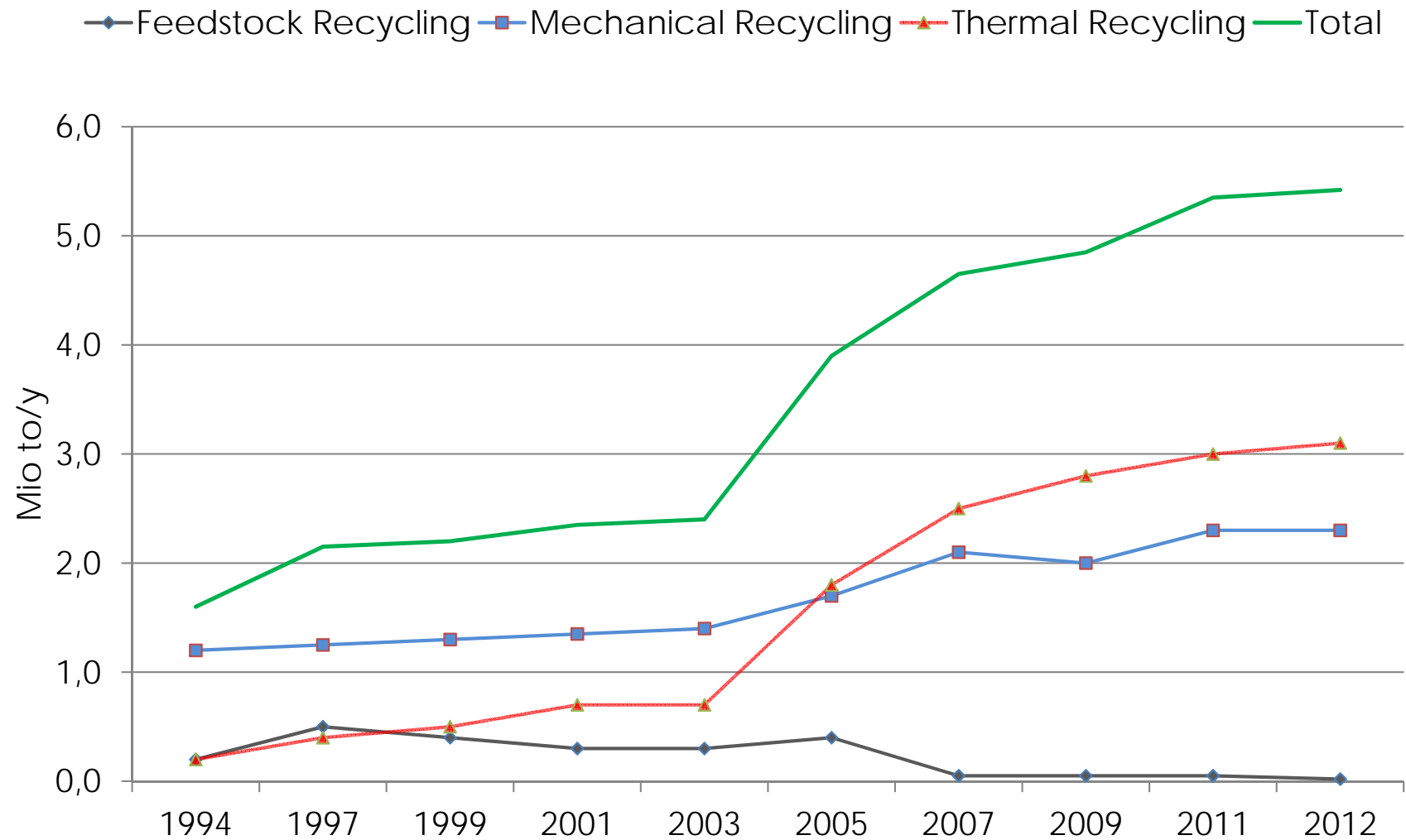
Source: Plastics Europe

European polymer recovery overview

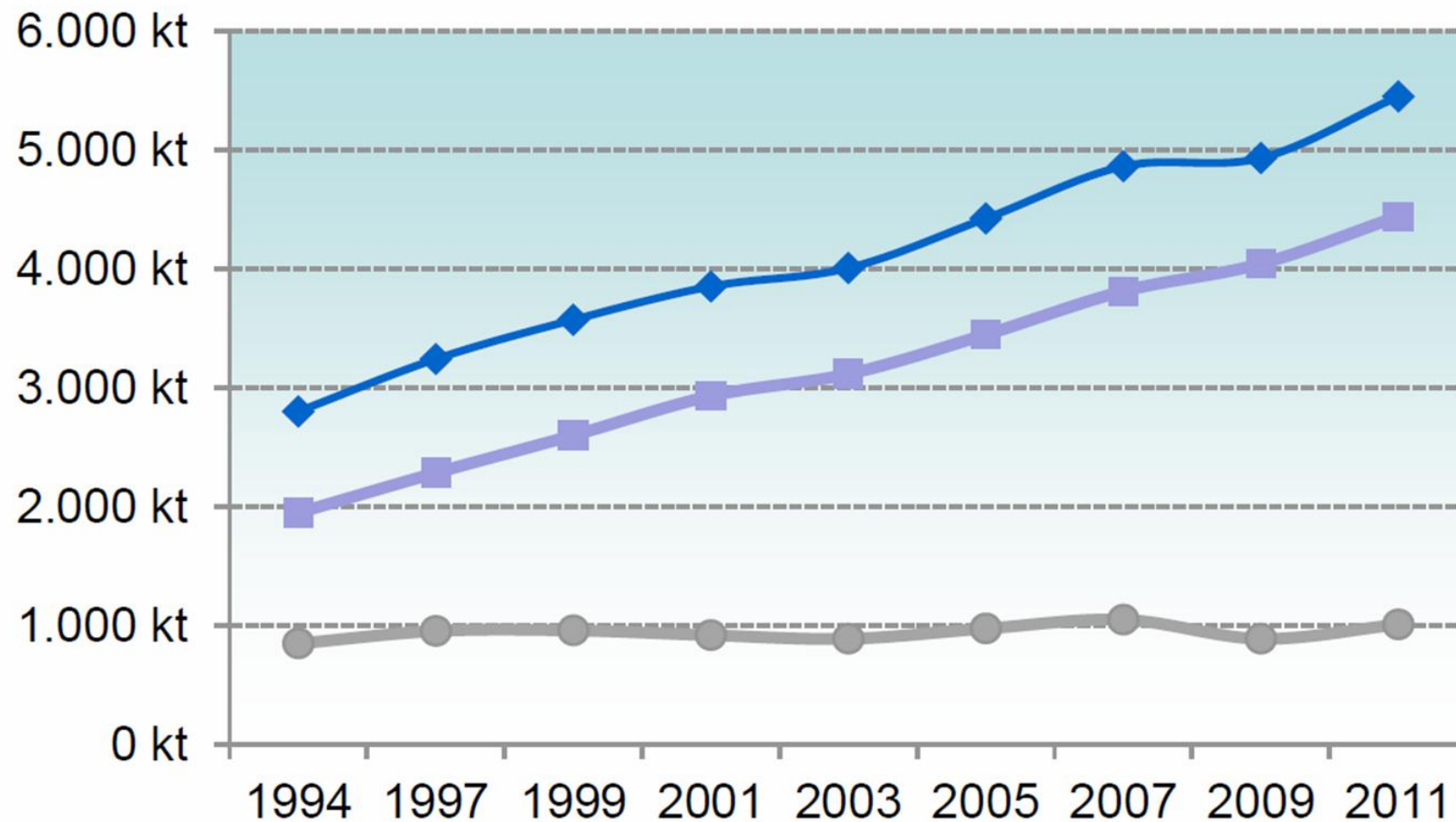


Source: Plastics Europe

European polymer recovery overview



Post consumer vs post industrial polymer waste (Germany)



-◇- total waste -□- post consumer waste -○- post industrial waste

Post consumer polymer waste....





Post consumer polymer waste....



Topics

- General Introduction
- Polymer Overview
 - Global role of polymers
 - End of life (waste) situation
- Creating high grade recycled polymers
 - Crushing /Cleaning
 - (Separation and sorting)
 - Granulation (Modification)
- Processing of recycled polymers

Recycling paths for polymers

	Mechanical Recycling	Feedstock Recycling	Energetic Recycling
Method	No change in molecular structure	Cracking of molecular structure	Oxidation with oxygen
Processing	Extrusion/Injection molding	Hydrolysis Gasification Pyrolysis	Incineration
Products	Regenerate	Monomers	Heat
Side products	Strands, Lumps	Non crackable material	Ash, slag

Recycling paths for polymers

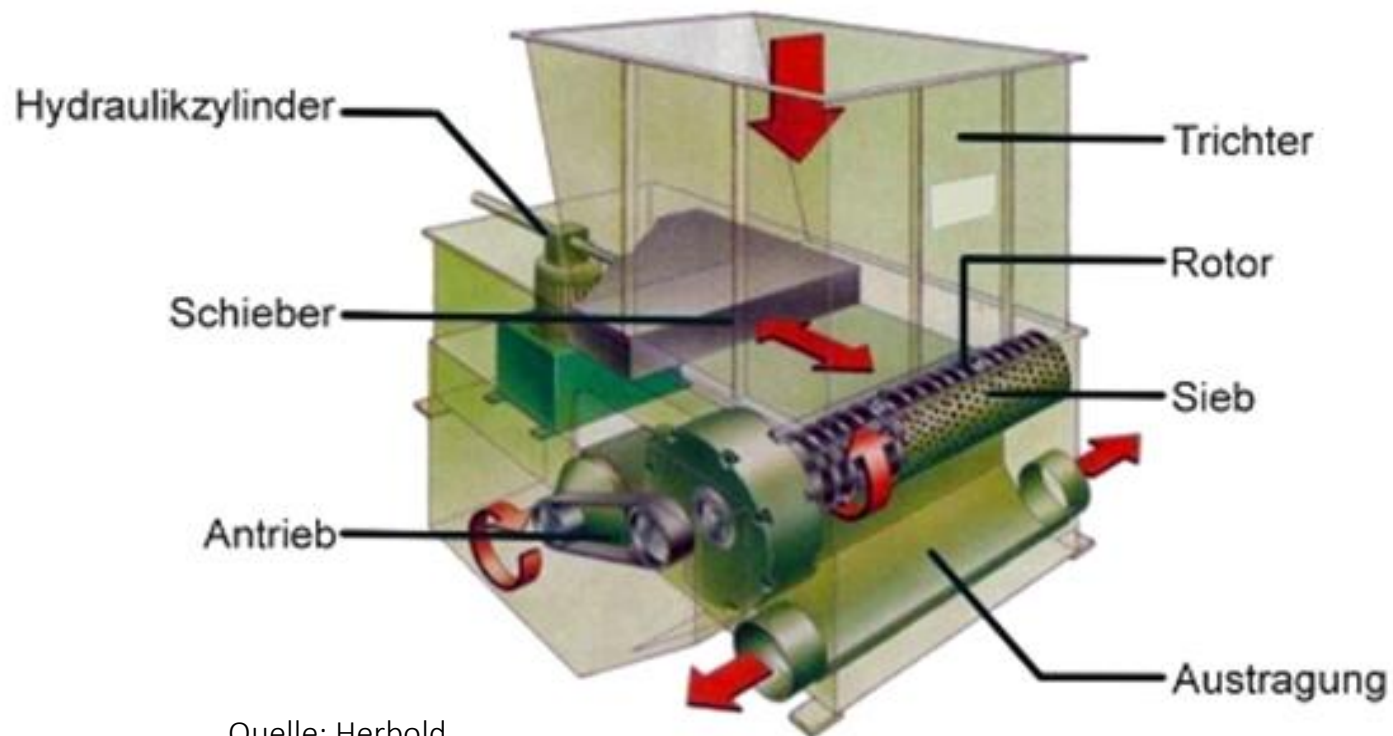
	Mechanical Recycling	Feedstock Recycling	Energetic Recycling
Method	No change in molecular structure	Cracking of molecular structure	Oxidation with oxygen
Processing	Extrusion/Injection molding	Hydrolysis Gasification Pyrolysis	Incineration
Products	Regenerate	Monomers	Heat
Side products	Strands, Lumps	Non crackable material	Ash, slag

Crushing / Cleaning



Crushing - Single shaft shredder

- Simple Design
- Robust
- Material feed necessary



Quelle: Herbold

Crushing - Multi Shaft Shredder

- Complex Design
- Robust
- Self feeding – no material feed necessary



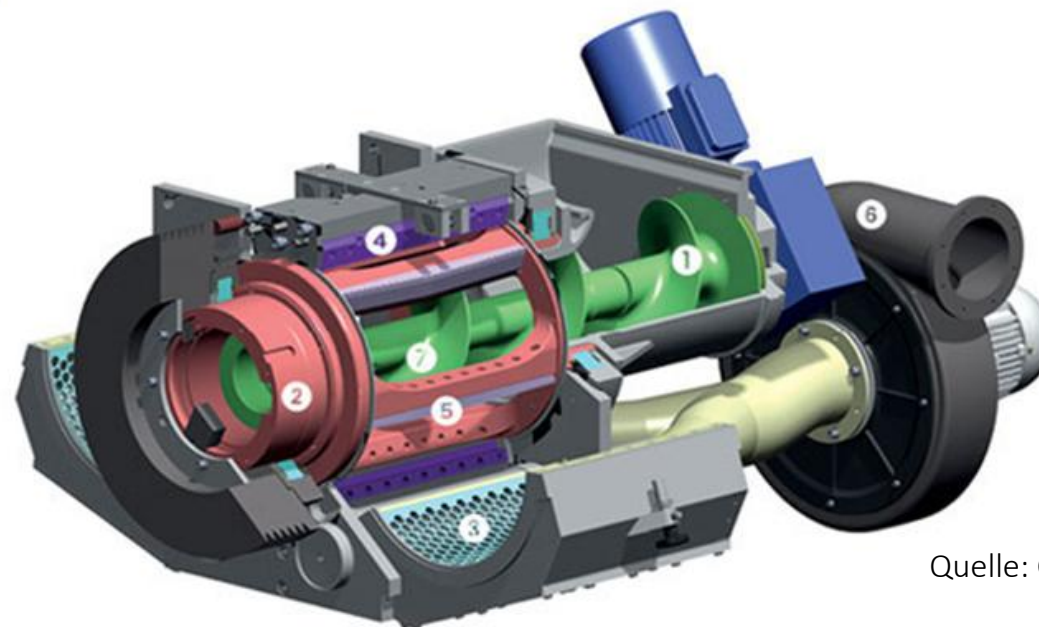
Quelle: Lindner

Crushing - Grinder

- Simple Design
- Defined output material (particle size distribution)
- Sensitive to non plastic material

Technologie / Funktionsprinzip

- 1 Förderschnecke
- 2 Rotor
- 3 Sieb
- 4 Statormesser
- 5 Rotormesser
- 6 Absaugung
- 7 Mahlwerk



Quelle: CentriCut

Cleaning - Wet processing

- Cleaning in combination with conveying
- Process water treatment
- Waste water

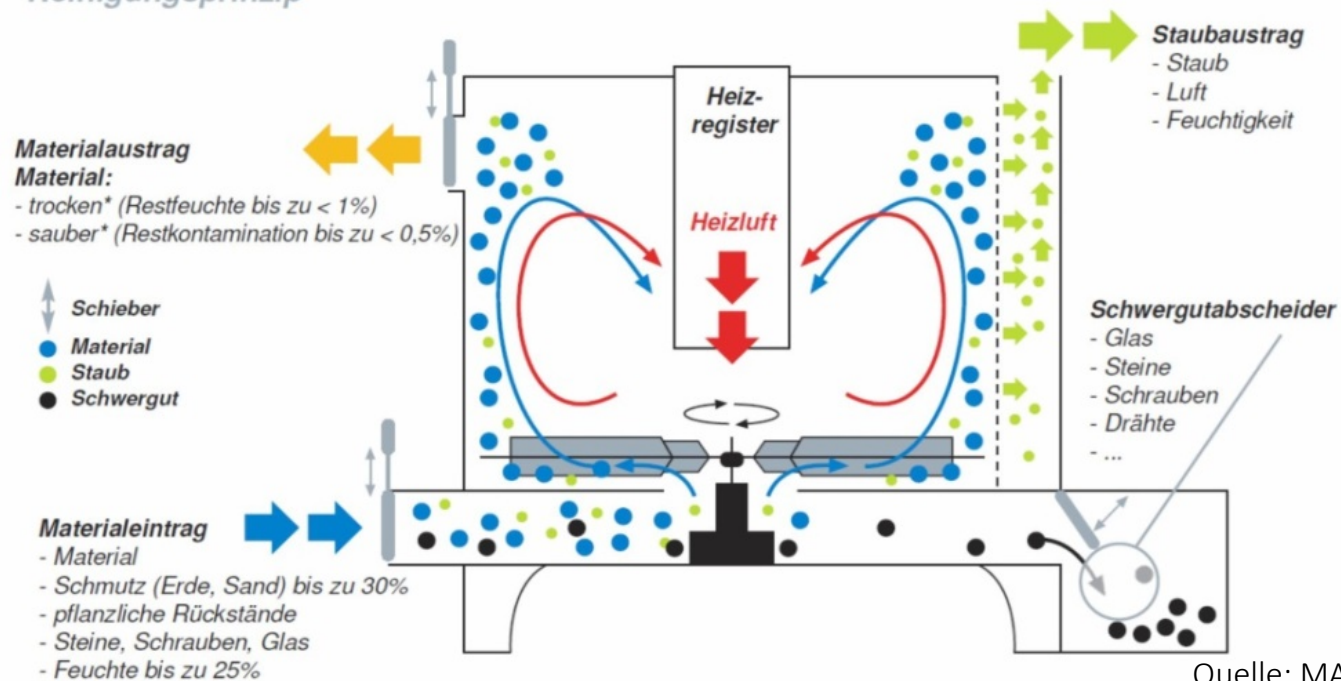


Quelle: Navarini

Cleaning - Dry processing

- Centrifugal forces do cleaning and drying
- No process water
- Low energy consumption

Reinigungsprinzip



Separation and sorting

- Manual sorting
- Sorting by density
- Sorting by reaction to elektromagnetic oscillation
(Color, Infrared, X-ray)
- Sorting by triboelectrical reactions
- ...



Granulation / Modification of recycled material

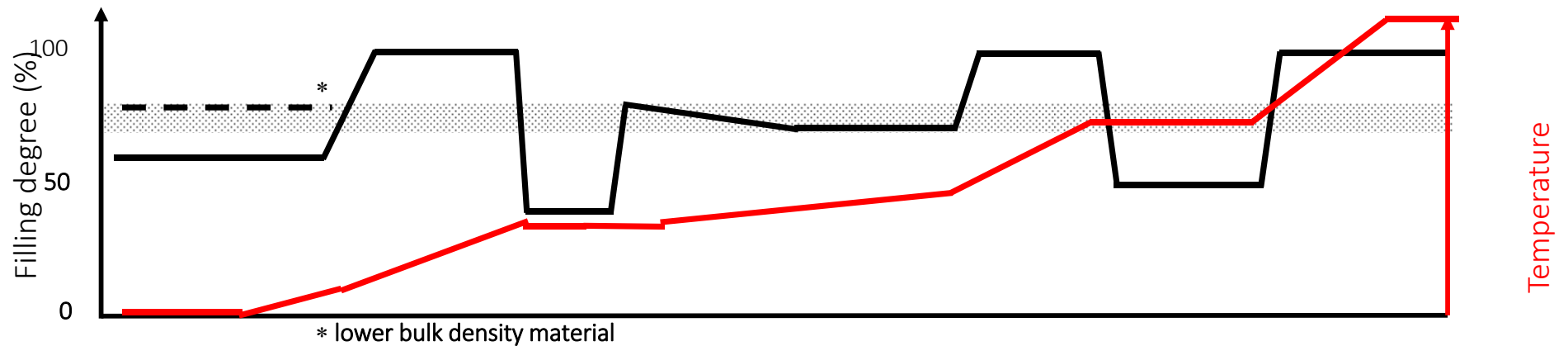
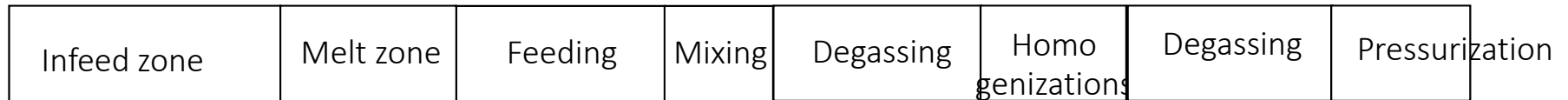
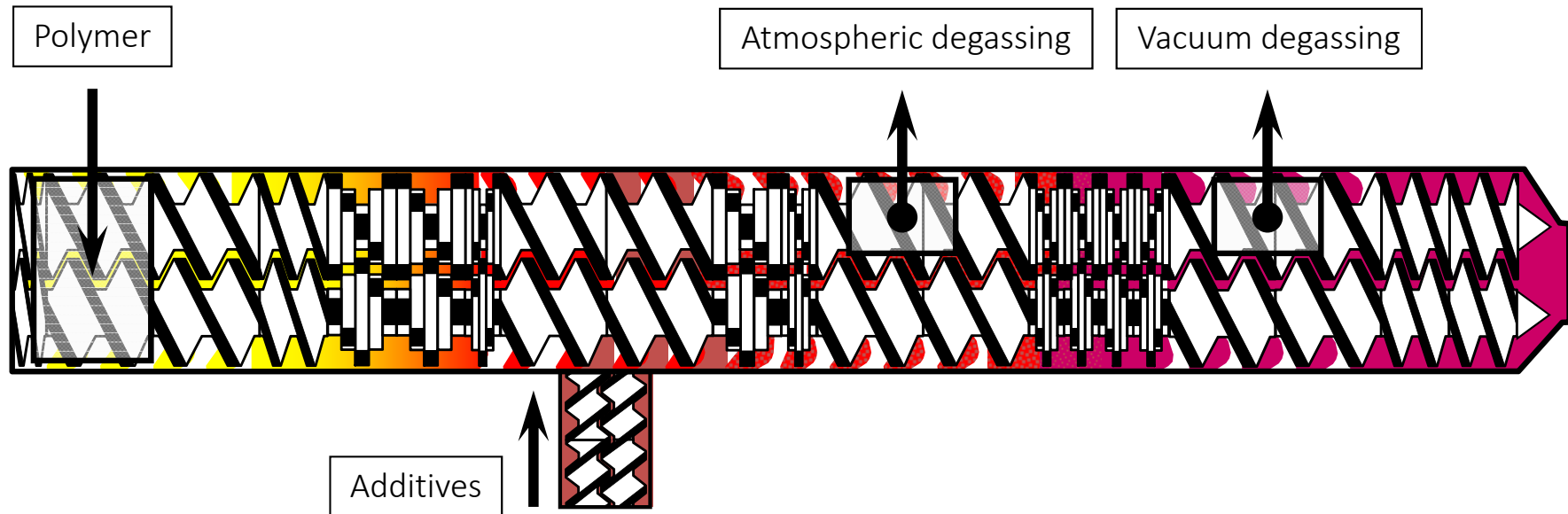
General material requirements:

- Low dirt/mud content
- Less „hard“ contaminations (metal parts, glass, etc.)
- Low fines content (particles <1mm)
- Pure polymer material without crosscontaminations
- Dry Material

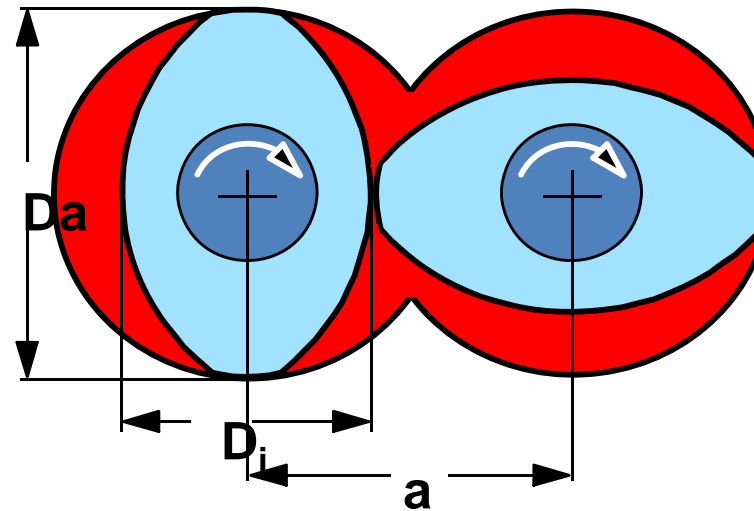
Granulation / Modification of recycled material

General equipment requirements

- Material predrying system
- Wear protected Extrusion lines
- Twin screw extrusion systems preferred
- Dosing of additives
- Efficient degassing system
- Continious melt filtration system



Basic design parameters of a twin screw extruder



D_a = outer diameter

D_i = inner diameter

a = distance between axes

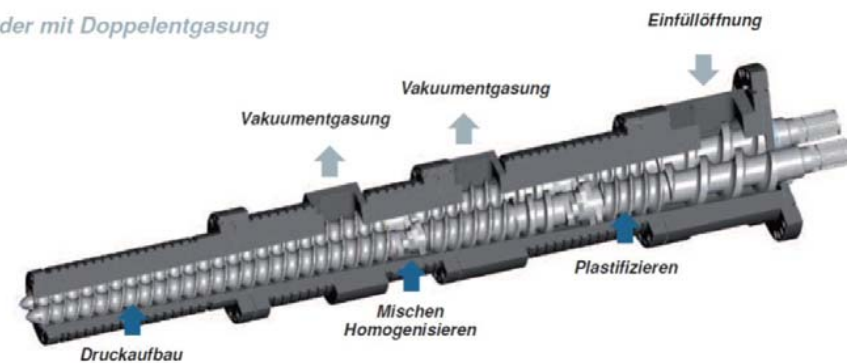
- Diameter ration D_a / D_i defines shear stress, degassing and dosing performance
- Specific torque M_d / a^3 defines filling degree and troughput performance
- Rpm n defines shear stress and mixing performance

Extrusion lines – specialized Layouts

- Conical co-rotating twin screw layout
- Increased feed volumina due to bigger feed opening
- Increased torque due to increased screw diameter
- Higher pressure => lower melt temperatures



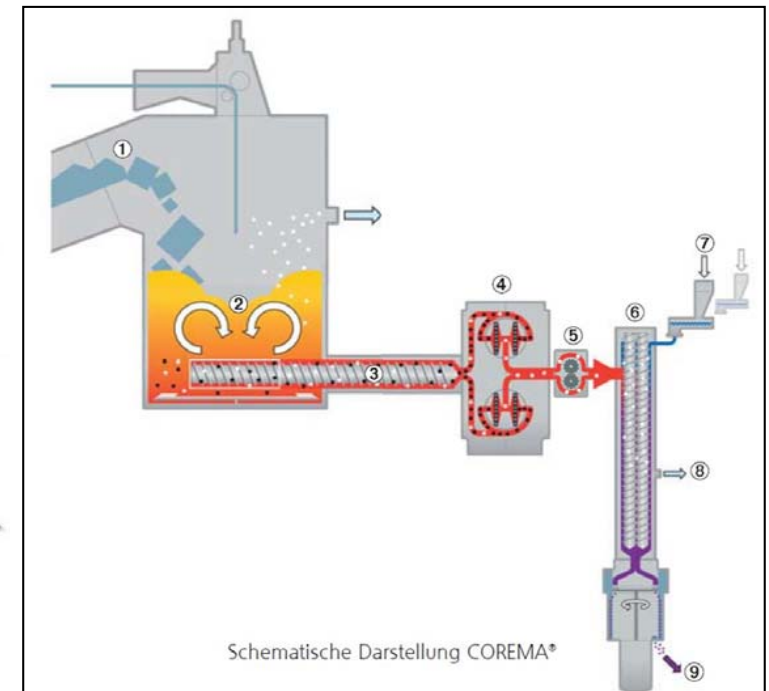
Zylinder mit Doppelentgasung



Quelle: MAS

Extrusion lines – specialized Layouts

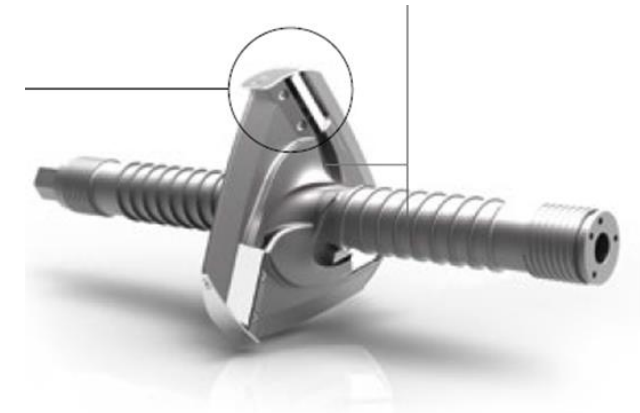
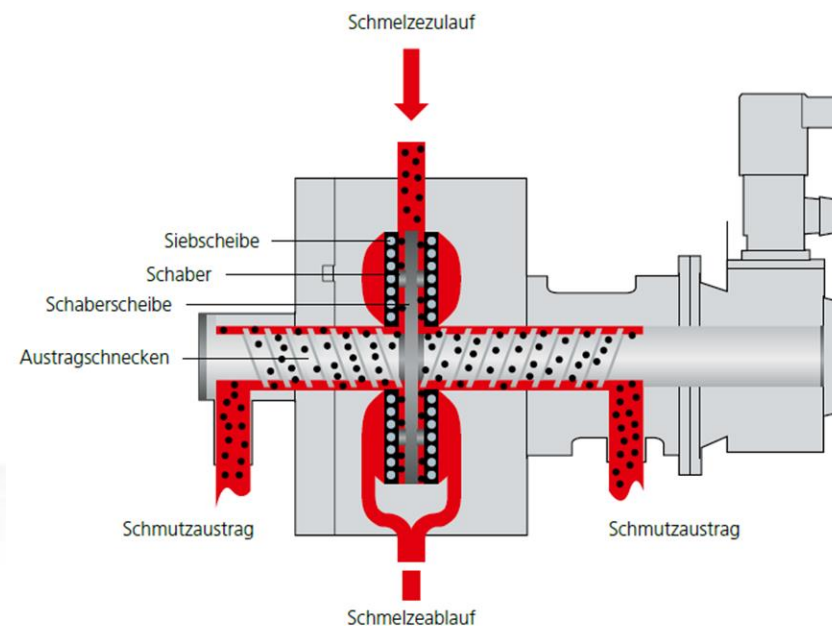
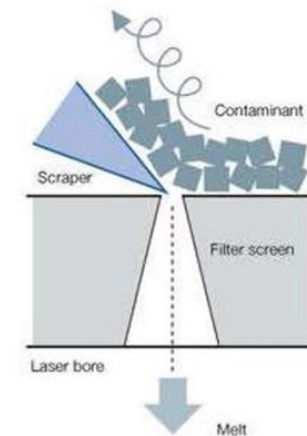
- Homogenisation (single screw) separated from Compounding (twin screw)
- High pressure generation (single screw) with advantages in melt filtration
- Effective degassing and dosing of additives in twin screw extruder



Quelle: Erema

Polymer melt filtration (Extrusion)

- Filter screen designed as a disc
- Filter holes drilled with laser
- Continuously self cleaning filtration system
- Automated operation

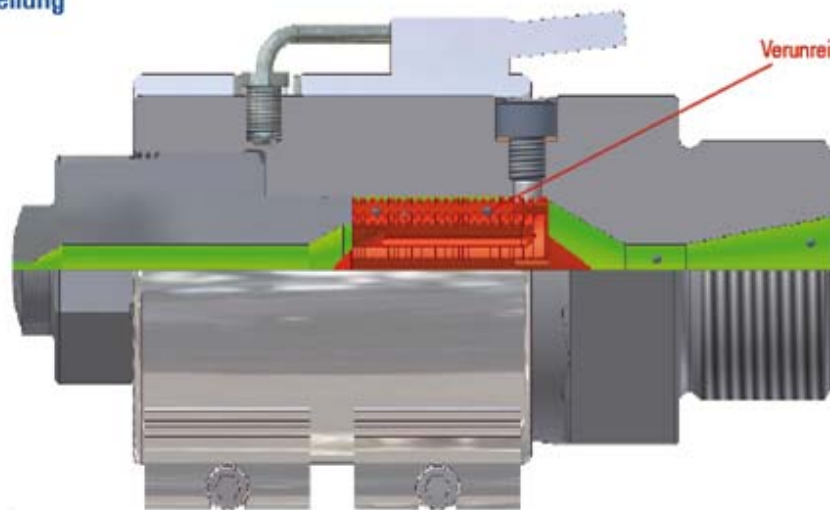


Quelle: Erema

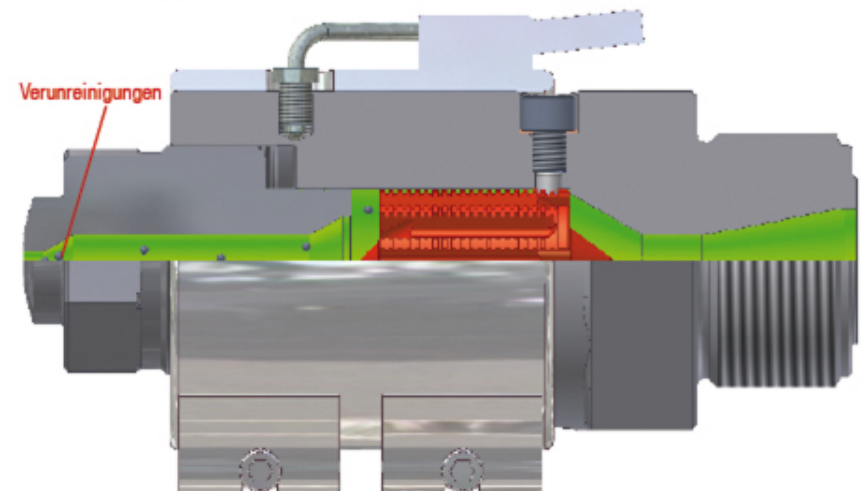
Polymer melt filtration (Injection molding)



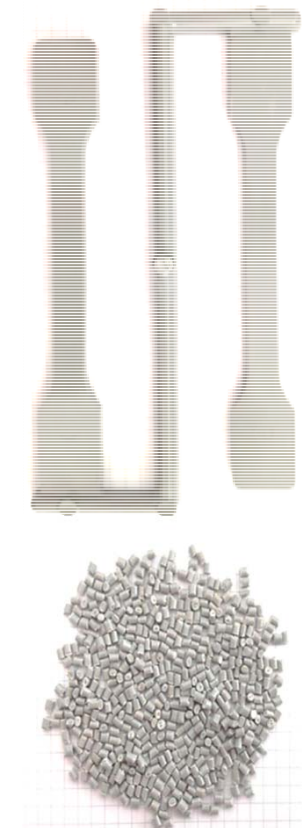
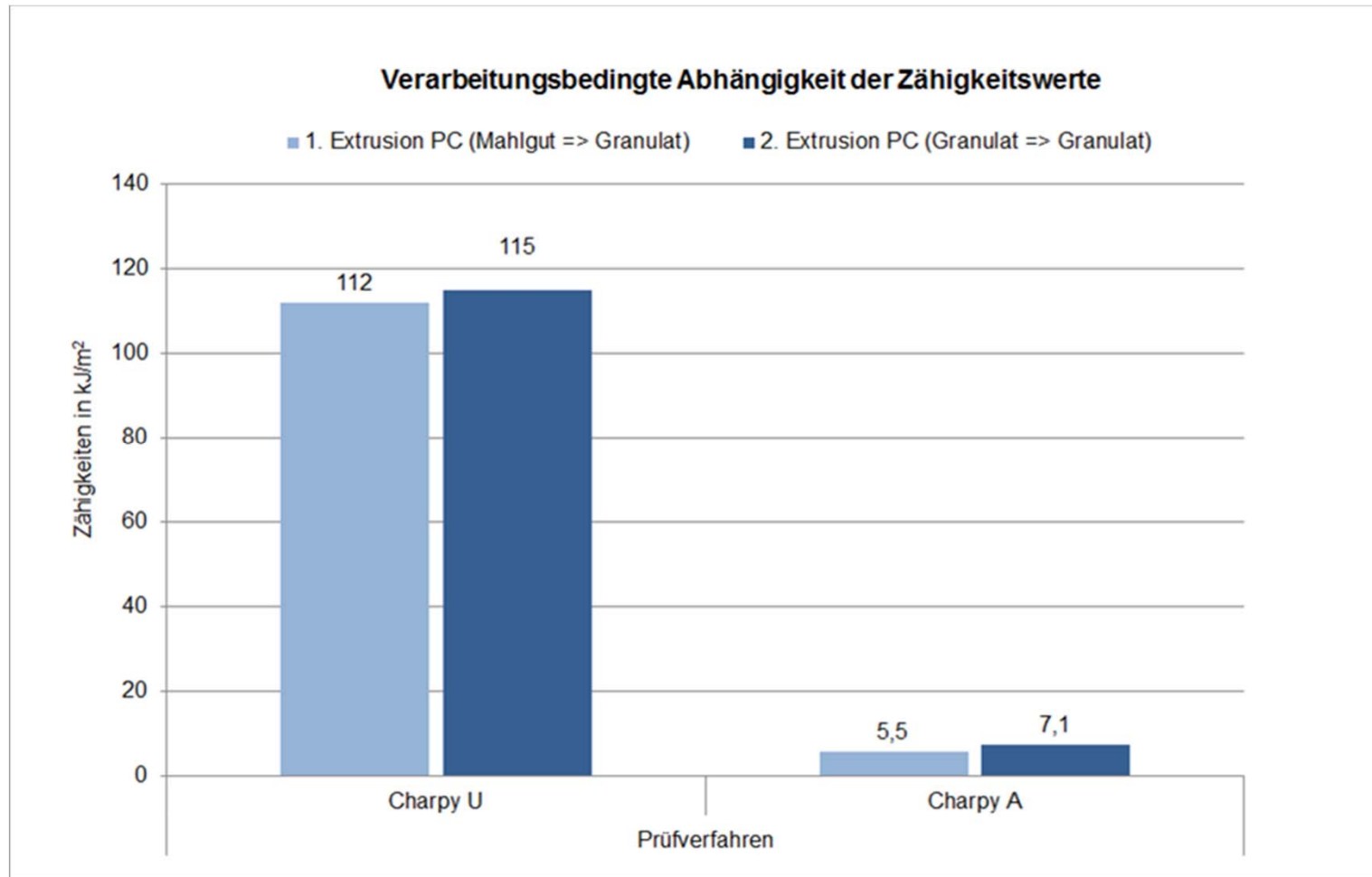
Filterstellung



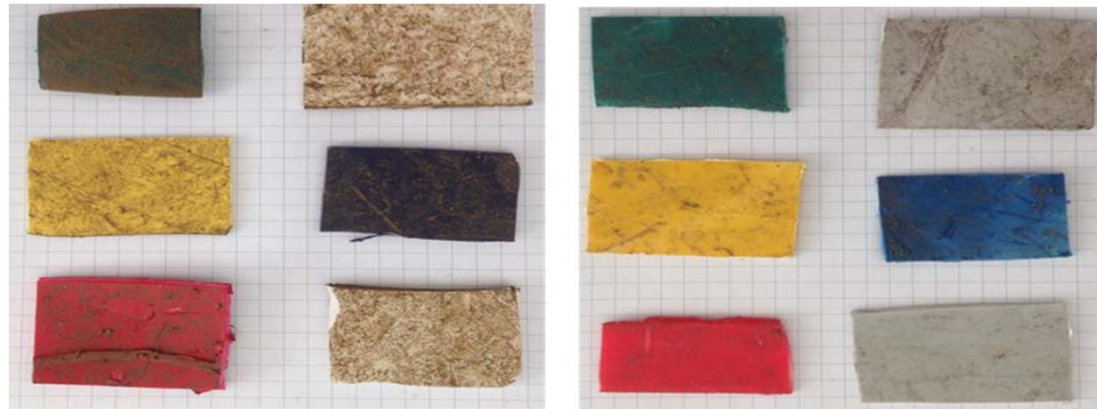
Reinigungsstellung



Effect of proper extrusion on mechanical properties

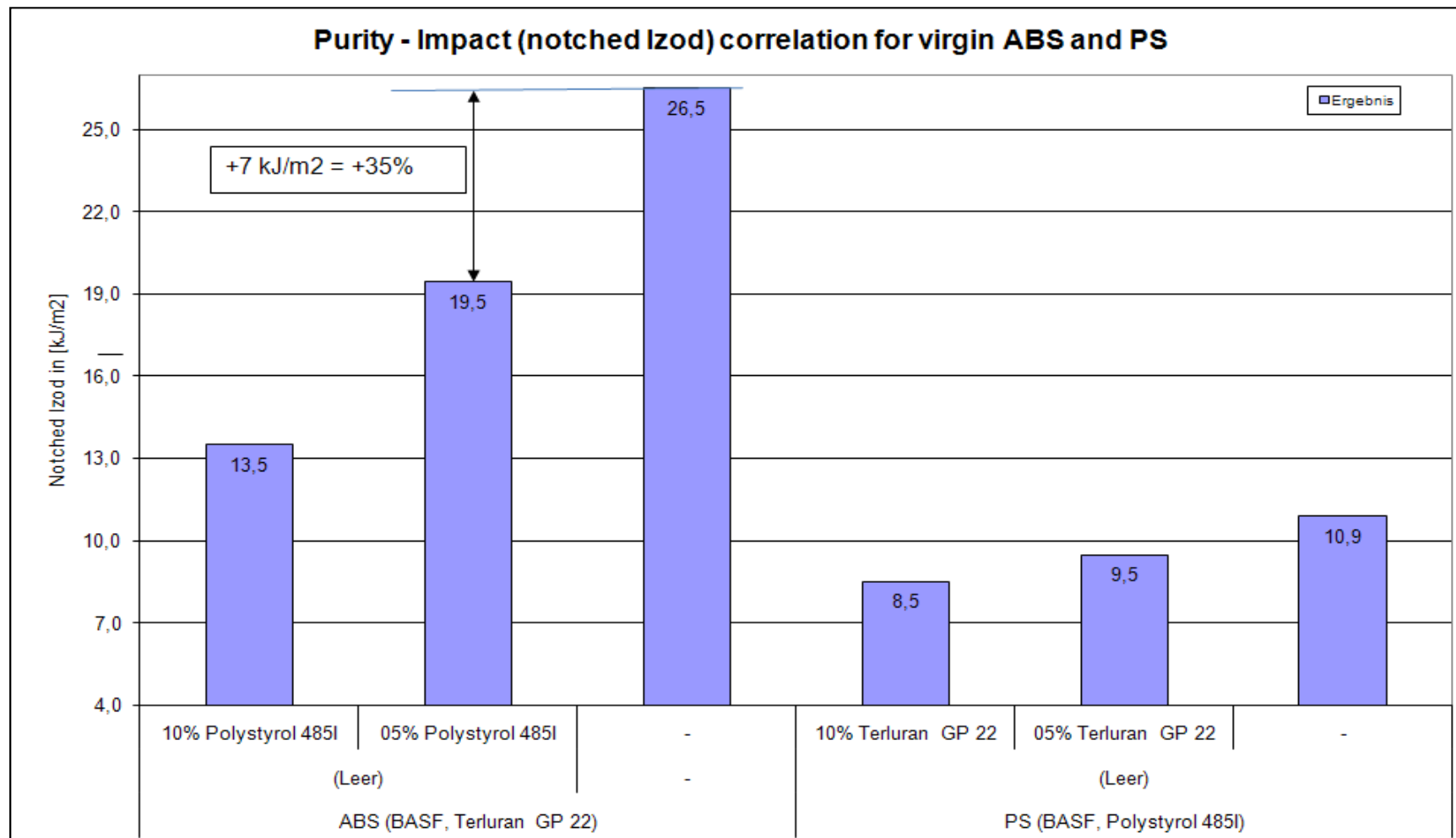


Effect of cleaning on mechanical properties



Kennwerte vor und nach Reinigung der Mahlgüter						
	Reinigung	Mw E-Modul MPa	Mw σ_M MPa	Mw ϵ_B %	Mw Charpy U kJ / m ²	Mw Charpy A kJ / m ²
Polycarbonat Mahlgut	Nein	2646	62,5	7,7	112	5,5
	Ja	2610	59,9	9,8	114	6,8
Polyamid Mahlgut	Nein	1937	50,9	8,1	90,9	5,3
	Ja	1890	47,4	10,1	91,2	6,4

Effect of polymer cross contamination



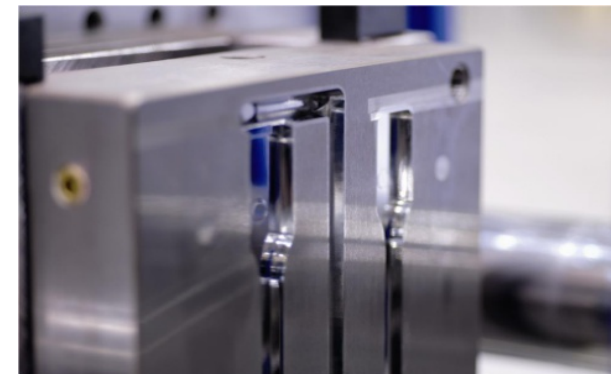
Effect of additives (impact modifier) on mechanical properties

Mechanische Kennwerte der PC Compounds					
	Mw E-Modul MPa	Mw σ_M MPa	Mw ϵ_B %	Mw Charpy U kJ / m ²	Mw Charpy A kJ / m ²
100% Polycarbonat Erstextrusion	2646	62,5	7,7	112	5,5
100% Polycarbonat Zweitextrusion (Referenzprobe)	2630	60,8	5,9	115	7,1
98% Polycarbonat 2% Paraloid	2544	57,8	6,3	117	10,2
95% Polycarbonat 5% Paraloid	2417	54,4	6,6	122	13,2

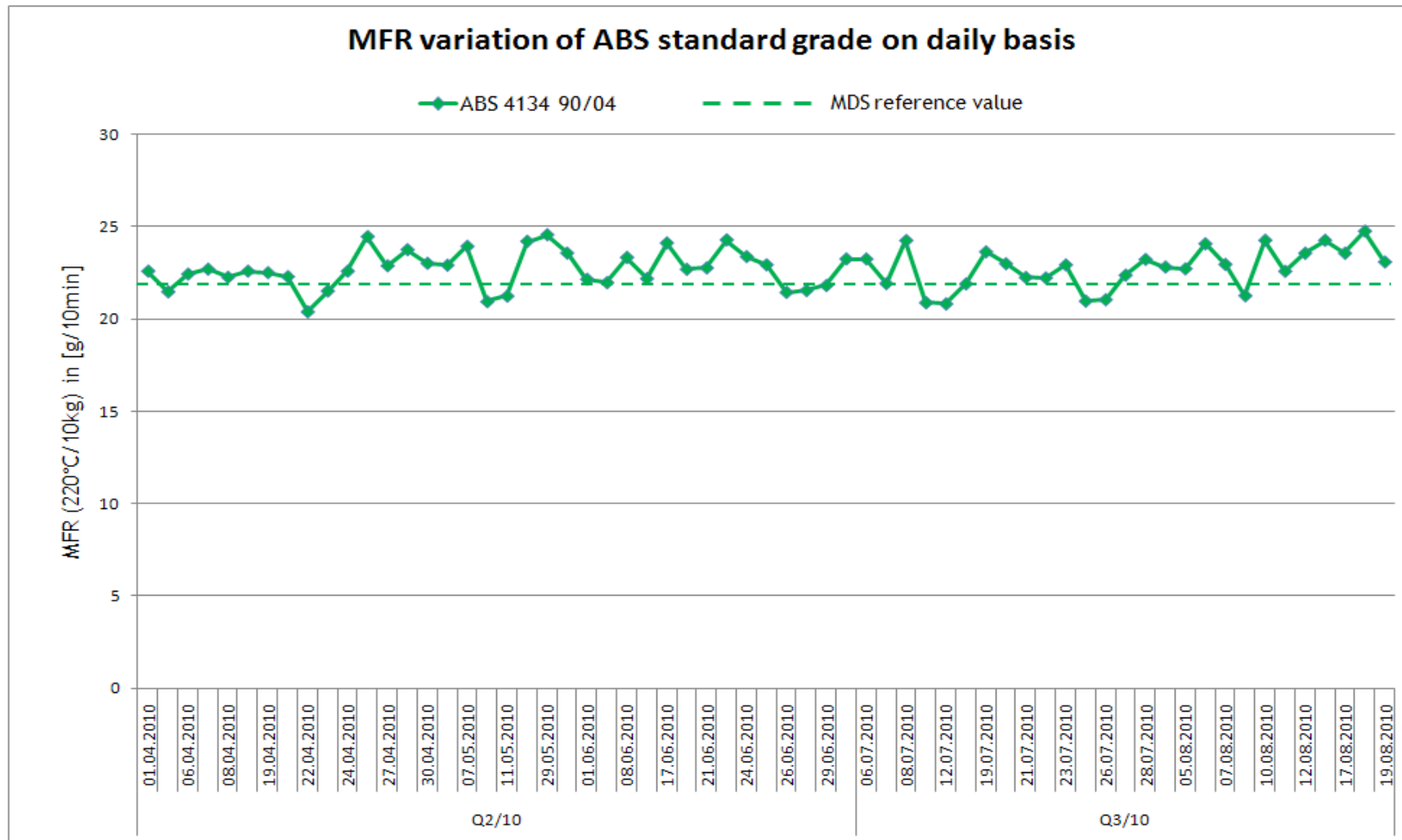


Quality control in polymer recycling

- Product Knowledge is essential for long term success on the market
- In-house quality control procedures guarantee earliest „bad trends“ detection
- Costs for Invest and staff are compensated with reduced overall operational costs and claim risks



Quality control in polymer recycling



Topics

- General Introduction
- Polymer Overview
 - Global role of polymers
 - End of life (waste) situation
- Creating high grade recycled polymers
 - Crushing /Cleaning
 - (Separation and sorting)
 - Granulation (Modification)
- Processing of recycled polymers

styro®





Wer Trodat Stempel verkauft, setzt also automatisch auf verantwortungsvoll hergestellte Artikel.



SAUBERE ROHSTOFFE

- > Völliger Verzicht auf Substanzen wie Zink, Cadmium und Blei
- > Völliger Verzicht auf PVC für die Herstellung unserer Stempel
- > Permanentes Lieferanten-Screening nach Umwelt- und Qualitätszertifizierungen

SPARSAMER ENERGIEEINSATZ

- > Wärmerückgewinnung aus der Produktion zur Gebäudeheizung
- > Kühlung der Spritzgussmaschinen mit Außenluft
- > 62% des Strombedarfs stammen aus erneuerbaren Energien

VERANTWORTUNGSVOLLE PRODUKTION

- > Ca. 80% aller Produktionsabfälle werden wiederverwertet
- > 100% Recycling bei mechanisch nicht beanspruchten Teilen
- > Ausschuss in der Produktion ist kleiner als 0,3%
- > Die gesamte Produktion ist völlig frei von Abwässern

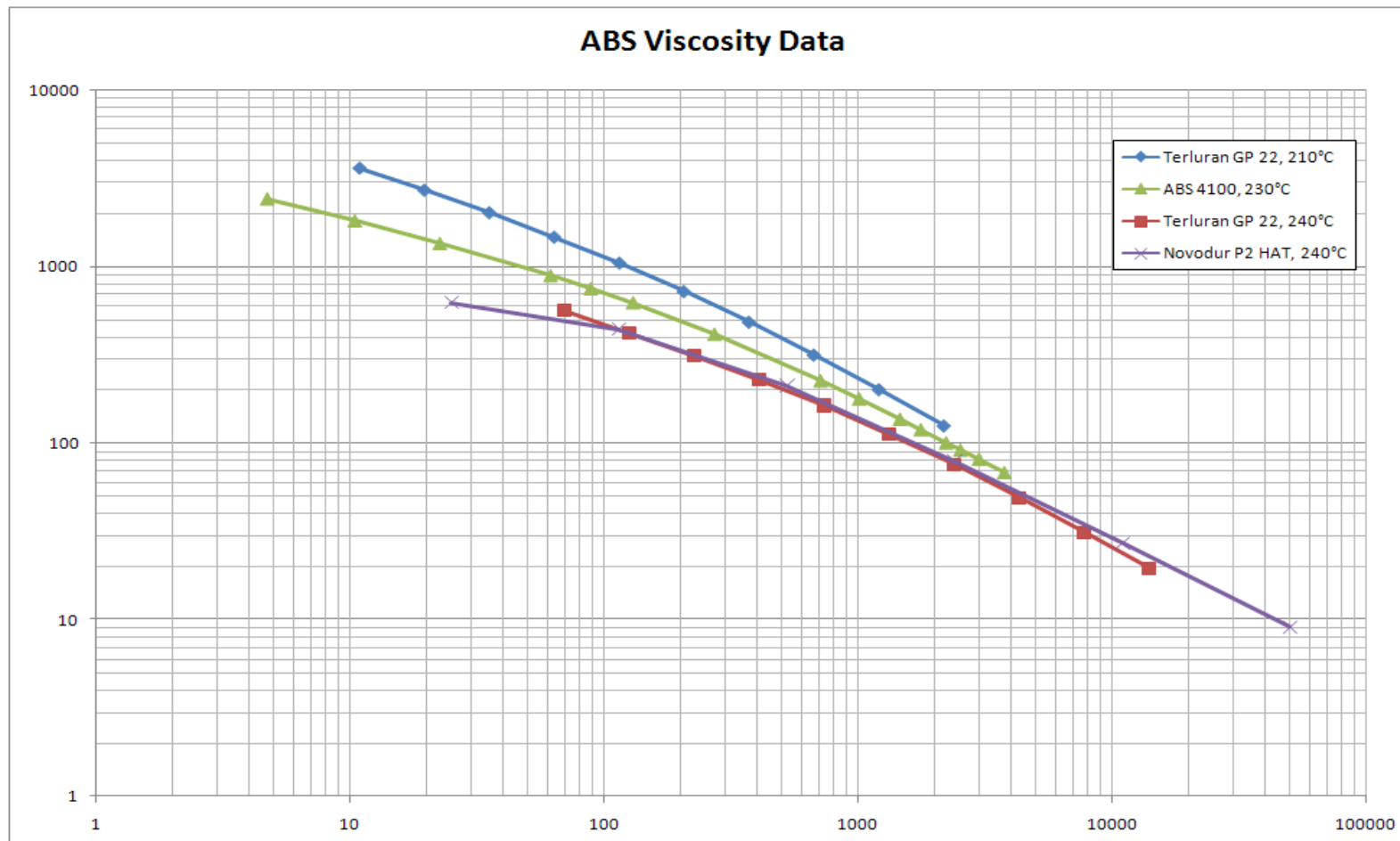
WENIGER CO₂

- > 1000 Tonnen Einsparung an CO₂ Emissionen rein durch Reduktion von fossilen Brennstoffen, Erdgas und Strom seit Mitte 2001
- > 250 Tonnen zusätzliche Einsparung an CO₂ durch Umstieg von Heizöl auf Erdgas.

GREEN



Recommendation I – Lowering Temperature profiles



=> Temperature settings minus ~ 5%

Recommendation II – Lowering rpm (dosing)

$$n \left[\frac{U}{\text{min}} \right] = \frac{V_u \left[\frac{m}{s} \right]}{D[\text{mm}] * \text{Pi}} * 60000$$

n..... Revolutions per minute
 Vu... max. peripheral speed
 D.... Screw diameter
 Pi.....3,1415

Polymer	Vu max [m/s]	n max [U/min] (srew diameter 40mm)
PP	0,9	~400
ABS	0,4	~200
PC	0,2	~100
PA	0,3	~150

=> Minimized thermal stress to the melt

Recommendation III– Increasing backpressure (dosing)



Polymer	Backpressure [bar]
PP	150-200
ABS	100-150
PC	100-150
PA	100-150

- => Homogeneous melt temperature
- => Reduction of splays

- Mechanical Recycling of polymer waste is in strong competition with energetic recycling (Incineration)
- Mechanical Recycling of post industrial or post consumer plastic waste makes sense in both, ecologically and economically.
- Effective and efficient logistics in collection of post industrial or post consumer plastics waste is the basis for success.
- Quality controlled effective logistics in combination with proper separation (if necessary) and granulation/modification technologies give high grade secondary raw materials suitable for high quality products



QUESTIONS?

HEC Höggerl Engineering &
Consulting

[mailto: hec-office@gmx.at](mailto:hec-office@gmx.at)

mobile: 0043 664 8113644

skype: hoegue1